



Delivery of clean water at an IDP site in Port-au-Prince.

### SITUATION OVERVIEW

Since 29 February 2024, violence has skyrocketed in Port-au-Prince with numerous and repeated attacks on critical infrastructures by armed groups. The surrounding violence and lack of access are leaving the Port-au-Prince metropolitan area under a state of siege, with further violence in Artibonite, roadblocks in Cap Haitien, and fuel shortages in the South and North.

From 8-27 March, more than 53,000 people left the capital towards provinces, many of whom were previously displaced within Port-au-Prince. As of March, 362,551 persons are internally displaced, 15% more than end of 2023. A new set of updated information on internal displacement nationwide will be published in May.

Despite the chaotic security situation in the capital, IOM and its partners persist in delivering assistance to the areas where it is most needed.

### KEY FIGURES



internally displaced persons



displacements due to violence



IDPs in sites managed by IOM



migrants forcibly returned

#### Water, sanitation and hygiene



#### Health and psychosocial



#### Family reunification



#### Displacement tracking matrix



#### Cash-based interventions



#### Non-food items



#### Community stabilization



#### Visa assistance for Brazil



#### Accountability to affected people



#### Camp management and shelter



#### IOM activities are supported by

