



A site hosting internally displaced people in Port-au-Prince.

SITUATION OVERVIEW

Tensions and violence between armed groups have maintained the metropolitan area of Port-au-Prince in a state of instability. While the humanitarian situation is already grim, constant violence worsens the living conditions of millions. Blockades inside and on the outskirts of the capital are reducing mobility even further including for humanitarian operations.


The start of the year was marked by violent clashes in several parts of the metropolitan area: Solino, Gabelliste, Carrefour, Cité Soleil, and spreading to Petionville. Estimates put displacement figures above 8,000 people. Most found refuge with host families in a show of solidarity despite limited resources.

In January, as part of our efforts to reinforce public services in Haiti, IOM supported institutions in rehabilitating water services, an essential step towards social cohesion.

KEY FIGURES

 **313,901**

internally displaced persons

 **93%**

displacements due to violence

 **61,437**

IDPs in sites managed by IOM

 **9,611**

migrants forcibly returned

Water, sanitation and hygiene

 **14,989** IDPs receiving WASH assistance

Health and psychosocial

 **225** people received medical services

 **492** psychosocial services provided

Family reunification

 **2** families reunited

Displacement tracking matrix

 **9** information products

Cash-based interventions

 **2,098** people received cash assistance

Non-food items

 **1,002** kits of non-food items distributed

Community stabilization

 **9,634** people benefitted from rehabilitated spaces

Accountability to affected people

 **99** beneficiaries involved in programme decision-making

 **385** calls received through the 8840 hotline

Camp management and shelter

 **90** people trained on camp coordination

 **48** sites managed by IOM and partners

 **4** site improvements conducted

IOM activities are supported by.

